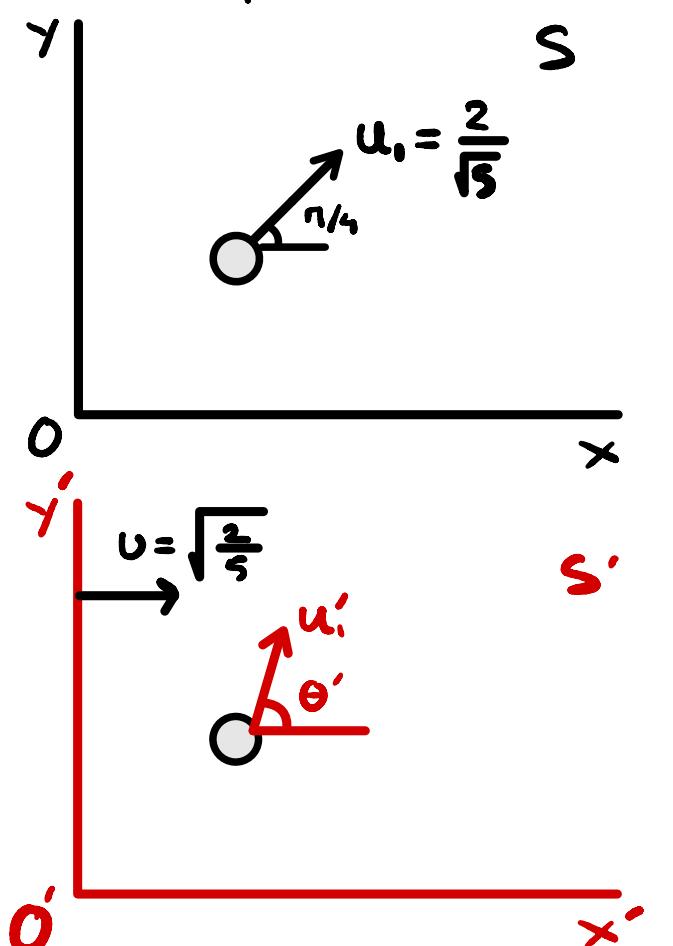


Πρόβλημα 10.23 (Griffiths)

ΒΕΡΙΖΕ ΣΑΝ ΕΚΦΩΝΗΝ  
ΟΣΟ ΑΡΧΕΙΟ ΠΡΟΒΛΗΜΑΤΟΥ



$$\lambda(\vec{U} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}} \hat{x}) \quad \hat{x}' = \hat{x}$$

$$\hat{y}' = \hat{y}$$

$$\hat{z}' = \hat{z}$$

α τρονος

$$\vec{u}_1 = \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{5}}, 0 \right)$$

$$\delta_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{2}{5}}} =$$

$$u_1^r = \left( \sqrt{5}, \sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}, 0 \right)$$

$$u_1^{r'} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} & \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{5} \\ \sqrt{2} \\ \sqrt{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{2}{5}}} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{3}}$$

$$\gamma^u = \sqrt{\frac{5}{3}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{\sqrt{3}} & -\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{3}} & \sqrt{2} \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{3} \\ 0 \\ \sqrt{2} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \delta_1' \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ u_{1x}' \\ u_{1y}' \\ u_{1z}' \end{bmatrix} \quad u_1^r \cdot u_{1r}' = -1$$

$$-3 + 2 = -1$$

✓ OK

$$\delta_1' = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\delta_1' u_{1x}' = 0$$

$$\delta_1' u_{1y}' = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\delta_1' u_{1z}' = 0$$

$$u_{1x}' = 0$$

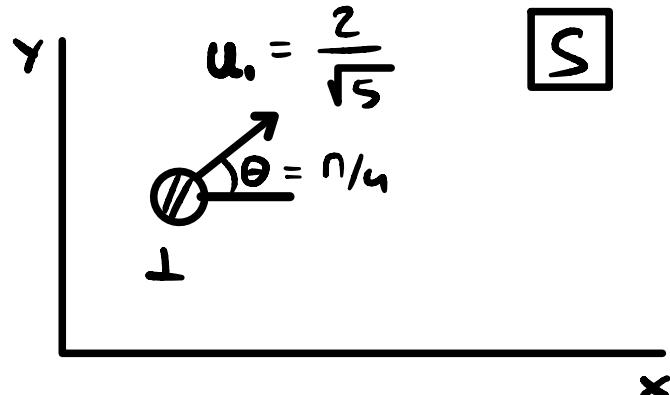
$$u_{1y}' = \sqrt{2}/\sqrt{3}$$

$$u_{1z}' = 0$$

$$\Theta' = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$|\vec{u}_1'| = \sqrt{2}/\sqrt{3}$$

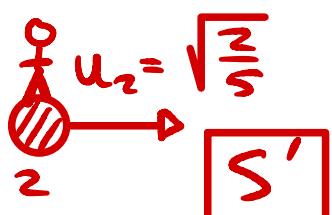
β τρονος



$$\vec{u}_{12} = \vec{u}_1'$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} u_1^r & u_2^r \\ u_1^r & u_2^r \end{array} \quad \boxed{S} \quad \boxed{S'}$$

$$u_1^r \cdot u_{2r} = u_1^r \cdot u_{2r}$$



$$\gamma_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{2}{5}}} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{3}}$$

$$u_1^{\mu} = \left( \sqrt{5}, \sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}, 0 \right) \quad | \quad u_1^{\nu} = (\gamma_1', \gamma_1' \vec{v}_1')$$

$$u_2^{\mu} = \left( \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{3}}, \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}, 0, 0 \right) \quad | \quad u_2^{\nu} = (1, 0)$$

$$u_1^{\mu} \cdot u_{2\mu} = u_1^{\nu} \cdot u_{2\nu}$$

$$\left( -\sqrt{5} \sqrt{\frac{5}{3}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} + 0 \cdot \sqrt{2} + 0 \cdot 0 \right) = -\gamma_1' + 0$$

$$\gamma_1' = \sqrt{3} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (\vec{v}_1')^2}} =$$

$$|\vec{u}_1'|^2 = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$u_2^{\mu} = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{\gamma_3} \\ \sqrt{2/3} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad u_2^{\nu} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{\frac{5}{3}} & -\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} & 0 & 0 \\ -\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} & \sqrt{\frac{5}{3}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{\gamma_3} \\ \sqrt{2/3} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \checkmark$$